INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION REVIEW

**Test is Wednesday, Sept 18**

1 Explain why each was an important reason for the Industrial Revolution’s start in Britain.

* Improvements in transportation – easier/faster to move completed goods to market
* No war – factories, $$ and people focused on production
* Improvements in agriculture – to feed factory workers who are not growing their own food

Access to natural resources and markets – factories need a steady supply of raw materials (cotton, wool, coal) and places to sell the finished product

2 List 5 descriptions of working conditions in factories of the Industrial Revolution.

Long hours, low pay, child workers, no safety guards on machines, loud, few breaks, no safety equipment/clothing

List 5 descriptions of working conditions in coal mines of the Industrial Revolution.

Long hours, low pay, child workers, heavy loads, danger of methane gas explosions /cave ins, dark – used candles, ladders instead of elevators, dirty

3 List 5 descriptions of living conditions in the Industrial Revolution.

Air pollution, cramped – one family per room, big enough for a bed and a fireplace, no parks or green areas, no indoor plumbing, unclean, no building codes

4 Define -

mass production products made in large factories by machine

suffrage right to vote

textile cloth

Social Laws laws to improve working conditions – set hour and ages

union workers banding together to improve conditions

Social Insurance Laws laws to protect workers from unemployment – cradle to grave protection - $$

technological unemployment – jobs lost to machinery – examples- banking, farming, forestry,

communist – no private property, government in control

capitalist – business owner

5 Why did the British government move so slowly when it came to improving working conditions? Workers could not vote, government did not want to displease the factory owners

b) Explain how the government protects its people from the “cradle to the grave”.

EI, medicare, Social assistance, compensation

6 Unfortunately, there are still children in the world today working in similar conditions. Give an example with a short description of the job and conditions. Tobacco/banana/cocoa plantations, garbage dump scavengers, brick makers, sorting needles, servants, what job did your reading describe?

b) Why do these terrible working conditions still exist in countries today? $$, government corruption, poverty, no laws, no enforcement of laws, lack of education